

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended **September 30, 2013**.

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission File Number: **333-176954**



HANOVER PORTFOLIO ACQUISITIONS, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

45-2552528
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

6320 Canoga Avenue, 15th Floor, Woodland Hills, CA 91367
(Address of principal executive offices, zip code)

(800) 489-4774
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

n/a
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year,
if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of

Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

(do not check if smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes
No

As of December 15, 2013, there were 83,197,314 shares of common stock, \$0.0001 par value issued and outstanding.

HANOVER PORTFOLIO ACQUISITIONS, INC.
TABLE OF CONTENTS
FORM 10-Q REPORT
September 30, 2013

| | <u>Page</u> <u>Number</u> |
|--|--|
| PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION | |
| Item 1. Financial Statements. | 4 |
| Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations. | 13 |
| Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk. | 17 |
| Item 4. Controls and Procedures. | 17 |
| PART II - OTHER INFORMATION | |
| Item 1. Legal Proceedings. | 19 |
| Item 1A. Risk Factors. | 19 |
| Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds. | 19 |
| Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities. | 20 |
| Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures | 20 |
| Item 5. Other Information. | 20 |
| Item 6. Exhibits. | 20 |
| SIGNATURES | 21 |

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements.

**Hanover Portfolio Acquisitions, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets**

| | (Unaudited) September 30, 2013 | December 31, 2012 |
|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| Assets | | |
| <u>Current Assets</u> | | |
| Cash | \$ 1,208 | \$ 800 |
| Total Current Assets | <u>1,208</u> | <u>800</u> |
| Property Plant and Equipment, net | 50,688 | 65,301 |
| Investment in securities | <u>12,000</u> | <u>12,000</u> |
| Total Assets | \$ <u>63,896</u> | \$ <u>78,101</u> |
| Liabilities and Shareholders' Deficit | | |
| <u>Current Liabilities</u> | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | \$ 2,833,523 | \$ 1,516,600 |
| Notes payable, net of discount of \$24,491 and \$0 | 478,177 | 236,000 |
| Note payable-related party, net of discount of \$8 and \$0 | <u>16,980</u> | <u>-</u> |
| Total Current Liabilities | 3,328,680 | 1,752,600 |
| Notes payable | 43,188 | 51,656 |
| Acquisition payable | <u>155,000</u> | <u>155,000</u> |
| Total Liabilities | <u>3,526,868</u> | <u>1,959,256</u> |
| Shareholders' Deficit | | |
| Series AA super voting preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value, 1,000,000 authorized and 0 issued and outstanding | - | - |
| Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value; 5,000,000 shares authorized, 0 shares issued and outstanding | - | - |
| Common stock, \$0.0001 par value; 250,000,000 shares authorized, 75,828,913 and 53,692,673 shares issued and outstanding | 7,583 | 5,370 |
| Additional paid-in capital | 1,188,372 | 554,062 |
| Accumulated deficit | <u>(4,658,927)</u> | <u>(2,440,587)</u> |
| Total Shareholders' Deficit | <u>(3,462,972)</u> | <u>(1,881,155)</u> |
| Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Deficit | \$ <u>63,896</u> | \$ <u>78,101</u> |

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Hanover Portfolio Acquisitions, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations (unaudited)
For the Three Months and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

| | For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 | For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2012 | For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 | For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012 |
|---|--|--|---|---|
| Revenues, net | \$ - | \$ 7,161 | \$ - | \$ 16,926 |
| Operating Expenses | 427,819 | 379,801 | 1,934,752 | 1,210,768 |
| Operating Loss | (427,819) | (372,640) | (1,934,752) | (1,193,842) |
| Other Income (Expense) | | | | |
| Impairment expense | - | - | (101,957) | (155,000) |
| Interest income | 142 | - | 4,174 | 11 |
| Interest expense | (24,720) | (20,259) | (185,273) | (60,459) |
| Loss Before Provision for Income Taxes | (452,397) | (392,899) | (2,217,808) | (1,409,290) |
| Provision for Income Taxes | - | - | 532 | - |
| Net Loss | \$ (452,397) | \$ (392,899) | \$ (2,218,340) | \$ (1,409,290) |
| Basic and diluted loss per common share | \$ (0.01) | \$ (0.01) | \$ (0.03) | \$ (0.03) |
| Weighted average common share outstanding - basic and diluted | 73,059,691 | 51,150,496 | 66,938,685 | 46,681,067 |

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Hanover Portfolio Acquisitions, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (unaudited)
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

| | For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 | For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012 |
|---|--|---|
| Cash Flows From Operating Activities: | | |
| Net Loss | \$ (2,218,340) | (1,409,290) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation and amortization expense | 14,369 | 36,891 |
| Impairment expense | 101,957 | - |
| Fair value of equity issued for services | 480,048 | 178,897 |
| Acquisition expense | - | 155,000 |
| Amortization of note discount, net | (131,992) | - |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | |
| Account receivable | | 2,918 |
| Prepaid expenses | | (14,000) |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses | 1,286,223 | 820,387 |
| Net Cash Used in Operating Activities | (203,751) | (229,197) |
| Cash Flows From Investing Activities | | |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | 244 | - |
| Net cash received in acquisition of subsidiary | 3,743 | 53,048 |
| Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities | 3,987 | 53,048 |
| Cash Flows From Financing Activities | | |
| Sale of common stock | - | 170,000 |
| Proceeds from the issuance of notes payable | 185,000 | - |
| Proceeds from the issuance of notes payable - related party | 25,000 | - |
| Payment for notes payable – related party | (8,012) | - |
| Payment for notes payable | (1,816) | - |
| Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities | 200,172 | 170,000 |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash | 408 | (6,149) |
| Cash, Beginning of Period | 800 | 9,247 |
| Cash, End of Period | \$ 1,208 | \$ 3,098 |
| Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: | | |
| Cash paid for interest | \$ - | \$ - |
| Cash paid for income taxes | \$ - | \$ - |
| Supplemental disclosure of non-cash financing and investing: | | |
| Debt acquired in acquisition | \$ 98,150 | - |
| Debt acquired in purchase of property, plant and equipment | \$ 58,112 | - |
| Acquisition payable | \$ 155,000 | 155,000 |

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Hanover Portfolio Acquisitions, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012 and 2013

Note 1 - Organization and Nature of Business

Hanover Portfolio Acquisitions, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the “Company” or “HPA”) operates in two business segments: 1) purchases distressed debt portfolios at a significant discount to their face value and seeks to either collect on the outstanding balances or resell some or all of the portfolios and 2) intellectual property licensing and commercialization.

Reverse Acquisition

On March 14, 2012, HPA, entered into a Share Exchange Agreement (“Agreement”) with IP Resources International (“IPR”) and certain of its shareholders. Under the Agreement, each participating IPR shareholder exchanged all of their issued and outstanding IPR common shares totaling 33,234,294, free and clear of all liens, and \$155,000 for Company common shares of equal to 1.2342 times the number of IPR shares being transferred to the Company for a total of 41,017,766 shares. The \$155,000 was not paid at closing. The Company recorded the \$155,000 as long-term liability acquisition payable, which is non-interest bearing. IPR agreed to make payments of up to 25% of the proceeds from any private placement or gross profits earned by IPR until the obligation is satisfied. The percentage of the proceeds to be paid is at the sole discretion of IPR’s Chief Executive Officer and the ex-Chief Executive Officer of the Company based on the liquidity of the Company.

As a result of the Agreement, the former shareholders of IPR owned approximately 89% of the Company and its officer and directors constitute the majority of the officers and directors of the Company at the closing. Since the shareholders, officers and directors of IPR have control of the Company the acquisition constitutes a reverse acquisition, so IPR is the accounting acquirer and HPA is the accounting acquiree. For accounting purposes, IPR becomes the parent and HPA becomes a wholly owned subsidiary. In comparison, the legal form of the acquisition is that HPA is the legal parent and IPR is the legal subsidiary.

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements are presented as IPR being the parent company and HPA as the wholly owned subsidiary with the historical financial position and results of operations being of the operations of IPR, which include the results of operations of HPA from the date of acquisition on March 14, 2012. IPR began its operations on September 1, 2011.

As of the date of the acquisition, the sole director and officer and significant shareholder of HPA was a significant shareholder of IPR. Given the relationship, the transaction is considered not to be an arms length transaction and a step-up in the basis of the assets and liabilities acquired is precluded, as the transfer of assets and liabilities has not been affected. The Company has recorded the acquisition and issuance of 4,557,545 shares of its common stock at a value of \$60,166, which is the historical cost basis of HPA as of the date of the transaction. As of the date of the acquisition, HPA balance sheet consisted of cash of \$53,048, accounts receivable of \$4,954, fixed assets of \$2,164 and no liabilities, for a net book value of \$60,166.

The Aviva Companies Corporation Acquisition

On April 2, 2013, the Company entered into an Acquisition Agreement (the “Acquisition Agreement”) with (i) The Aviva Companies Corporation (“Aviva”) and (ii) all of the shareholders of Aviva (the “Shareholders”) pursuant to which the Company acquired all of the outstanding shares of Aviva in exchange for the issuance of 6,000,000 shares of our common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share to the Shareholders (the “Share Exchange”). As a result of the Share Exchange, Aviva became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. The Company has not provided all the detailed disclosures for this transaction pursuant to ASC 805 as the transaction closed within a period of time that did not permit the Company to accurately assess and gather the required information.

Aviva is an early stage company seeking to identify, and commercialize intellectual property in healthcare and technology. Aviva works closely with inventors of IP in both the United States and Israel.

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements of Hanover Portfolio Acquisition's, Inc. and Subsidiaries have been presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") for interim financial information and the instructions to Article 8 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, the financial statements do not include all of the information and notes required by GAAP for complete financial statements. The condensed consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2013 and 2012 are unaudited; however, in the opinion of management such interim condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, consisting solely of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the periods presented. The results of operations for the Period presented are not necessarily indicative of the results that might be expected for future interim periods or for the full year.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company include the accounts of HPA, IPR as of March 14, 2013 and Aviva as of April 2, 2013. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions are eliminated in consolidated.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the accompanying financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Liquidity

To reduce the risk of not being able to continue as a going concern, management has implemented its business plan to materialize revenues from its license agreements, has initiated a private placement offering to raise capital through the sale of its common stock and is seeking out profitable companies. Although, uncertainty exists as to whether the Company will be able generate enough cash from operations to fund the Company's working capital needs or raise sufficient capital to meet the Company's obligations as they become due, no adjustments have been made to the carrying value of assets or liabilities as a result of this uncertainty.

Recent Accounting Standard Updates

The Company is not aware of any recently issued accounting pronouncements that when adopted will have a material effect on the Company's financial position or result of its operations.

Note 2 - Acquisition

On April 2, 2013, the Company entered into an Acquisition Agreement (the "Acquisition Agreement") with (i) The Aviva Companies Corporation ("Aviva") and (ii) all of the shareholders of Aviva (the "Shareholders") pursuant to which the Company acquired all of the outstanding shares of Aviva in exchange for the issuance of 6,000,000 shares of our common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share to the Shareholders (the "Share Exchange"). As a result of the Share Exchange, Aviva became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

Other than in respect to the transaction, there is no material relationship among Aviva's stockholders and any of the Company's affiliates, directors or officers.

The following table summarizes the estimated fair values at the date of acquisition:

| | | |
|------------------------------|----|--------------|
| Current assets | \$ | 4,043 |
| Goodwill | | 101,957 |
| Current liabilities | | (100,000) |
| Total purchase consideration | \$ | <u>6,000</u> |

The purchase consideration was comprised entirely of shares of Hanover Portfolio Acquisitions, Inc. and Subsidiaries issued to the former shareholders of Aviva Companies Corporation, which were valued at \$6,000 on the date of acquisition.

Hanover Portfolio Acquisitions, Inc. and Subsidiaries assumed the outstanding debts of The Aviva Company Corporations and all outstanding accrued interest. The principal balance of these notes acquired on April 2, 2013 was \$75,000 with accrued interest of \$21,275, see note 4.

Goodwill

The Company reviews the amounts of intangible assets for impairment at least annually, and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. In the event the carrying value of the assets is not expected to be recovered, the assets are written down to their estimated fair values.

During the period ended September 30, 2013, the intangible assets acquired in the acquisition were reviewed and the Company determined them to be fully impaired, as such the Company recorded an impairment expense of \$101,957.

| | | |
|---------------------------------------|----|------------------|
| Goodwill as of December 31, 2012 | \$ | - |
| Goodwill acquired on April 2, 2013 | | 101,957 |
| Impairment of Goodwill | | <u>(101,957)</u> |
| Net Goodwill as of September 30, 2013 | \$ | <u>-</u> |

Note 3 - Intangible Assets

Personal 3D

Effective September 1, 2011, IPR entered into a license agreement with Personal 3D, Inc. ("P3D") to acquire the rights to market and distribute certain intellectual property in the territories of the European and Eastern European countries. The term of the license agreement was to be for the greater of the life of the provisional patents, for the technology, or twenty-one years. The term was to automatically renew for an additional one year term unless either party notified the other that it does not desire to renew the license agreement ninety days before the then-current term of the license agreement expires. The license fee to be paid by IPR was \$1,000,000 and common stock of IPR in an amount that would give P3D 9.9% interest in outstanding common stock of IPR ("Share Issuance"). The Shares Issuance was to be issued on or before October 12, 2011, (actually issued on October 17, 2011 the date of incorporation of IPR). The Company paid \$10,000 towards the promissory note on October 18, 2011.

The unpaid balance of the note bore simple interest at a rate of 6% per annum commencing on the date of the initial payment of \$10,000.

On October 14, 2012, the Company and P3D entered into an agreement to terminate the license agreement. Under the terms of the termination, P3D was required to surrender the Share Issuance and the IPR was released of its liability under the Note Payable – License Fee, which amounted to \$990,000 on the date of termination. The Company recognized a gain of \$96,347 as a result of the termination of this agreement.

The Company's CEO was also the CEO of P3D at the time the license agreement was executed; however he resigned from P3D prior to the execution of the license rescission agreement.

CPAIR, Inc.

Effective November 11, 2011, IPR entered into an Exclusive License Agreement with CPAIR, Inc. ("CPaiR") to acquire the rights to market and distribute certain intellectual property on a worldwide basis except for the United States. The terms of the license agreement shall be for the greater of the life of the provisional patents, for the technology, or twenty-one years. The term shall automatically renew for an additional one year term unless either party notifies the other that it does not desire to renew the license agreement ninety days before the then-current

term of the license agreement expires. Under the Exclusive License Agreement, if IPR enters into a sublicense agreement, IPR is required to pay CPaiR 20% of royalties received by IPR. If IPR elects to distribute the product, without sublicenses, then CPaiR receives 10% of gross revenues. Also, IPR is required to pay to CPaiR 20% of any upfront license fee actually received by IPR in connection with the CPaiR intellectual property and 20% of the quarterly revenue actually received by IPR in connection with such intellectual property. If IPR does not pay a minimum of \$1,000,000 to CPaiR within a period of three years from the Effective date, the license agreement will terminate. IPR has the right to pay the difference between the amounts paid by IPR and the minimum payment of \$1,000,000. Under the terms of the agreement, IPR was not required to pay an upfront license fee.

American Cryostem Corp.

Effective January 27, 2012, IPR entered into a License Agreement with American Cryostem Corp. ("ACSC") to acquire the rights to and to distribute certain intellectual property in China and Brazil. The term of the License Agreement shall be for one year. The term shall automatically renew for an additional one-year term unless either party notifies the other that it does not desire to renew the License Agreement. Under the License Agreement, any distributor or sub-licensee, engaged by IPR, must pay 25% of its quarterly gross revenue. Of the 25% of quarterly gross revenue, IPR and ACSC split 50/50. In the event that IPR receives any upfront license fee from a sub-licensee, IPR is required to pay to ACSC 50% of any upfront license fee actually received. Under the terms of the agreement, IPR was not required to pay an upfront license fee.

Aviva Companies Corporation Acquisition

In connection with the acquisition of Aviva Companies Corporation on April 2, 2013, the Company acquired goodwill of \$101,957. The Company assessed the fair value of the Goodwill acquired in the acquisition and determined the asset to be fully impaired and recorded impairment expense of \$101,957 as of September 30, 2013, see note 2.

Note 4 - Notes payable

In 2012, IPR initiated a private placement for up to \$1,000,000 of financing by the issuance of notes payable at a minimum of \$25,000. The notes bear interest at 12% per annum and are due and payable with accrued interest one year from issuance. Also, IPR agreed to issue 102,850 shares of its common stock for every \$25,000 invested.

Under the private placement, the Company has issued a total of two notes for an aggregate principal amount of \$175,000. In addition IPR issued 719,950 share of its common stock at a fair value of \$3,917 as determined using a valuation performed by a third party valuation firm.

In October 2012, the two note holders agreed to extend the maturity date of the notes for a period of one year. The Company paid an extension of 175,000 shares of the Company's common stock at a fair value of \$175 as determined by a valuation performed by a third party valuation firm. As of September 30, 2013, the balance outstanding on these notes is \$175,000.

In October and November 2012, the Company issued two (2) promissory notes in the amounts of \$25,000 and \$25,000, respectively. In addition the Company issued 250,000 share of its common stock at a fair value of \$250 as determined by a valuation performed by a third party valuation firm. As of September 30, 2013, the balances of these notes were \$25,000 and \$25,000, respectively.

These notes payable, which aggregate \$225,000 as of September 30, 2013, mature as follows: \$150,000 in September 2013, \$50,000 in October 2013 and \$25,000 in January 2013. The note which matured in January 2013 remains outstanding as of September 30, 2013.

In November 2012, the Company purchased a vehicle for \$64,458. The purchase was financed through a note payable for \$64,458 at interest of 2.99% per annum with sixty payments of \$1,060 per month. As of September 30, 2013 the balance of the note was \$60,840.

On January 14, 2013, the Company issued a promissory note for an aggregate principal amount of \$25,000. In addition, the Company issued 125,000 shares of its common stock in connection with the issuance of the note as loan fees. These shares were valued at their issuance date fair market value and \$25,000 was recorded as a note discount with the excess \$12,500 recognized as a charge to interest expense upon issuance. The note carries an

interest rate of 10% per annum and a maturity date of April 14, 2013 with interest due monthly in arrears. As of September 30, 2013, the outstanding balance on the note was \$25,000 and no interest has been paid to date.

On January 14, 2013, the Company issued a promissory note for an aggregate principal amount of \$25,000. In addition, the Company issued 125,000 shares of its common stock in connection with the issuance of the note as loan fees. These shares were valued at their issuance date fair market value and \$25,000 was recorded as a note discount with the excess \$12,500 recognized as a charge to interest expense upon issuance. The note carries an interest rate of 10% per annum and a maturity date of July 1, 2013 with interest due monthly in arrears. As of September 30, 2013, the balance of the note was \$25,000 and no interest has been paid to date.

On January 31, 2013, the Company issued a promissory note for an aggregate principal amount of \$100,000. In addition, the Company issued 500,000 shares of its common stock in connection with the issuance of the note as loan fees. These shares were valued at their issuance date fair market value of \$75,000, which was recorded as a note discount. The note carries an interest rate of 10% per annum and a maturity date of January 30, 2014 with interest due monthly in arrears. As of September 30, 2013 the outstanding balance of the note was \$100,000 and no interest has been paid to date.

In connection with acquisition of Aviva Companies Corporation on April 2, 2013, the Company assumed a note payable for an aggregate principal amount of \$25,000 and accrued interest of \$1,042 as of April 2, 2013. The note accrues interest of 10% per annum and matured on May 1, 2013 however remains outstanding as of September 30, 2013 accruing interest. As of September 30, 2013 the outstanding balance of the note was \$25,000.

In connection with acquisition of Aviva Companies Corporation on April 2, 2013, the Company acquired a note payable for an aggregate principal amount of \$50,000 and accrued interest of \$20,233 as of April 2, 2013. The note accrued interest of 10% per annum and matured on May 1, 2013, however remains outstanding as of September 30, 2013 accruing interest. As of September 30, 2013 the outstanding balance on the note was \$50,000.

On August 30, 2013, the Company issued a promissory note for an aggregate principal amount of \$25,000. In addition, the Company issued 125,000 shares of its common stock in connection with the issuance of the note as loan fees. These shares were valued at their issuance date fair market value of \$125, which was recorded as a note discount. The note carries an interest rate of 10% per annum, however, during the continuance of any event of default, the Interest rate shall be increased to fourteen (14%) percent per annum. The interest shall be payable in arrears on the maturity date.. The maturity date of the note is the earlier of July 1, 2014 or the closing of a "Qualified Financing", an equity financing for gross proceeds of not less than \$5,000,000. As of September 30, 2013 the outstanding balance of the note was \$25,000.

On September 25, 2013, the Company issued a promissory note for an aggregate principal amount of \$10,000. In addition, the Company issued 50,000 shares of its common stock in connection with the issuance of the note as loan fees. These shares were valued at their issuance date fair market value of \$50, which was recorded as a note discount. The note carries an interest rate of 10% per annum, however, during the continuance of any event of default, the Interest rate shall be increased to fourteen (14%) percent per annum. The interest shall be payable in arrears on the maturity date.. The maturity date of the note is the earlier of July 1, 2014 or the closing of a "Qualified Financing", an equity financing for gross proceeds of not less than \$5,000,000. As of September 30, 2013 the outstanding balance of the note was \$10,000.

Promissory Note - Related Party

On May 10, 2013, the Company issued a promissory note to an affiliate for an aggregate principal amount of \$25,000. In addition, the Company issued 125,000 shares of its common stock in connection with the issuance of the note as loan fees. The Note carries an interest rate of 8% per annum and a maturity date of October 10, 2013 with interest due in arrears. A note discount of \$125 was recorded on date of issuance. As of September 30, 2013 the outstanding balance on the note was \$16,988.

Amortization of note discounts amounted to \$103,566 during the period ended September 30, 2013. As of September 30, 2013, there was \$24,491 of note discount unamortized.

As of September 30, 2013, future minimum payments due fiscal years due on notes payable are as follows:

| Fiscal Year | |
|-------------|-------------------|
| 2014 | \$ 524,000 |
| 2015 | 12,000 |
| 2016 | 12,000 |
| 2017 | 12,000 |
| 2018 | <u>158,000</u> |
| | \$ <u>718,000</u> |

Note 5- Shareholders' Deficit

Common Stock

The Company has entered into consulting agreements with various consultants for service to be provided to the Company. The agreements stipulate a monthly fee and a certain number of shares that the consultant vests in over the term of the contract. The consultant is issued a prorated number of shares of common stock at the beginning of the contract, which the consultant earns over a three-month period. At the anniversary of each quarter, the consultant is issued a new allotment of common stock. In accordance with ASC 505-50 – Equity-Based Payment to Non-Employees, the common stock shares issued to the consultant are valued upon their vesting, with interim estimates of value as appropriate during the vesting period. The shares of common stock that have vested through January 2013 were valued based on a valuation performed by an independent valuation firm as the Company had no active market for its shares prior to that time. The Company's shares began trading in January 2013; as a result the Company utilized market value for its stock when valuing its common stock for the three months ended March 31, 2013. During the second quarter of 2013, the Company revalued the shares based on low trading volume to \$0.001. As of September 30, 2013, the total awards granted were 47,412,620 shares with 27,657,197 shares vested and issued and 19,755,423 shares unvested. The total expense recorded for the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, was \$479,639 and \$178,897, respectively. On June 18, 2013, Hanover Portfolio Acquisitions, Inc. (the "Company") received written consents in lieu of a meeting of stockholders from holders of a majority of the shares of Common Stock representing in excess of 50% of the total issued and outstanding shares of voting stock of the Company approving an amendment to the Company's Certificate of Incorporation to increase the number of authorized shares of the Company's Common Stock, from 75,000,000 shares to 250,000,000 shares. The increase in authorized shares was effected pursuant to a Certificate of Amendment (the "Certificate of Amendment"), filed with the Secretary of State of Delaware on September 20, 2013, and a Certificate of Correction to the of Certificate of Amendment (the "Certificate of Correction", together with the Certificate of Amendment, the "Certificates"), filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware on September 26, 2013 to correctly state the par value of the Company's Common Stock as \$0.0001 per share. Definitive confirmation of the filing of the Certificates was received on October 10, 2013.

Series AA Preferred Shares

On February 22, 2013, the Board of Directors of the Company authorized an amendment to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, as amended (the "Articles of Incorporation"), in the form of a Certificate of Designation that authorized the issuance of up to one million (1,000,000) shares of a new series of preferred stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, designated "Series AA Super Voting Preferred Stock," for which the board of directors established the rights, preferences and limitations thereof.

Each holder of outstanding shares of Series AA Super Voting Preferred Stock shall be entitled to one hundred thousand (100,000) votes for each share of Series AA Super Voting Preferred Stock held on the record date for the determination of stockholders entitled to vote at each meeting of stockholders of the Company. As of September 30, 2013, there were no shares of Series AA Preferred stock outstanding.

Note 6 - Segment Information

The Company has two reporting segments: debt portfolio management and intellectual property management. The debt portfolio segment purchases defaulted unsecured consumer receivables in the secondary market and generate revenue through collections utilizing an outsourced collection network and through the strategic resale of portfolios.

The intellectual property management segment licenses various commercially desirable technologies and patents from companies that need operating capital or that need help commercializing their technology and sublicense such technology in designated territories. We have no intersegment sales or transfer. The Company's reportable segments are strategic business units that offer different products and services. They are managed separately because each business requires different technology and marketing strategies. Most of the businesses were acquired as a unit, and the management at the time of the acquisition was retained.

Through September 30, 2013, all of the Company's revenue has been generated from our debt portfolio segment.

For the three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013, net revenues of \$0 were contributed from our debt portfolio segment. For the three months ended September 30, 2013, the Company's operating loss of approximately \$428,000 was contributed by the intellectual property management for approximately \$327,000 and the debt portfolio management for approximately \$101,000, respectively. For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013, the Company's operating loss of approximately \$1,935,000 was contributed by the intellectual property management for approximately \$1,639,000 and the debt portfolio management for approximately \$296,000 respectively.

For the three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012, net revenues of \$7,161 and \$16,926, respectively are contributed from our debt portfolio segment. For the three months ended September 30, 2012, the Company's operating loss of approximately \$393,000 was contributed by the intellectual property management for approximately \$324,000, the debt portfolio management for approximately \$25,000 and corporate overhead for approximately \$44,000, respectively. For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2012, the Company's operating loss of approximately \$1,409,000 was contributed by the intellectual property management for approximately \$1,076,000, the debt portfolio management for approximately \$79,000 and corporate overhead for approximately \$254,000, respectively.

Note 7 - Fair Value Measurements

The Company measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Additionally, the Company is required to provide disclosure and categorize assets and liabilities measured at fair value into one of three different levels depending on the assumptions (i.e., inputs) used in the valuation. Level 1 provides the most reliable measure of fair value while Level 3 generally requires significant management judgment. Financial assets and liabilities are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input significant to the fair value measurement. The fair value hierarchy is defined as follows:

Level 1 – Valuations are based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – Valuations are based on quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, or quoted prices in markets that are not active for which significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 – Valuations are based on prices or valuation techniques that require inputs that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. Inputs reflect management's best estimate of what market participants would use in valuing the asset or liability at the measurement date.

The following table summarizes fair value measurements at September 30, 2013 and December 31, 2012 for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

| September 30, 2013 | | | | |
|---------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| | <u>Level 1</u> | <u>Level 2</u> | <u>Level 3</u> | <u>Total</u> |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 1,208 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 1,208 |
| December 31, 2012 | | | | |
| | <u>Level 1</u> | <u>Level 2</u> | <u>Level 3</u> | <u>Total</u> |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 800 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 800 |

Note 8 - Subsequent Events

November 16, 2013, the Company entered into an Acquisition Agreement (the "Acquisition Agreement") with (i) WeHealAnimals, Inc. ("WHA") and (ii) the sole shareholder of WHA (the "Shareholders") pursuant to which the Company acquired all of the outstanding shares of WHA in exchange for the issuance of 300,000 shares of our common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share and a promissory note for \$96,000 to the Shareholder (the "Exchange"). As a result of the Exchange, WHA became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. The Company has not provided all the detailed disclosures for this transaction pursuant to ASC 805 as the transaction closed within a period of time that did not permit the Company to accurately assess and gather the required information.

On October 1, 2013, the Company issued Alan Collier 1,000 shares of Series AA Super Voting Preferred Stock.

Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Cautionary Notice Regarding Forward Looking Statements

The information contained in Item 2 contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Actual results may materially differ from those projected in the forward-looking statements as a result of certain risks and uncertainties set forth in this report. Although management believes that the assumptions made and expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, there is no assurance that the underlying assumptions will, in fact, prove to be correct or that actual results will not be different from expectations expressed in this report.

This filing contains a number of forward-looking statements which reflect management’s current views and expectations with respect to our business, strategies, products, future results and events, and financial performance. All statements made in this filing other than statements of historical fact, including statements addressing operating performance, events, or developments which management expects or anticipates will or may occur in the future, including statements related to distributor channels, volume growth, revenues, profitability, new products, adequacy of funds from operations, statements expressing general optimism about future operating results, and non-historical information, are forward looking statements. In particular, the words “believe,” “expect,” “intend,” “anticipate,” “estimate,” “may,” variations of such words, and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements, but are not the exclusive means of identifying such statements, and their absence does not mean that the statement is not forward-looking. These forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties, including those discussed below. Our actual results, performance or achievements could differ materially from historical results as well as those expressed in, anticipated, or implied by these forward-looking statements. We do not undertake any obligation to revise these forward-looking statements to reflect any future events or circumstances.

Readers should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which are based on management’s current expectations and projections about future events, are not guarantees of future performance, are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions (including those described below), and apply only as of the date of this filing. Our actual results, performance or achievements could differ materially from the results expressed in, or implied by, these forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events, or otherwise.

Overview

Hanover Portfolio Acquisitions, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the “Company” or “HPA”) is comprised of two business segments: (1) a debt portfolio management company and (2) an intellectual property management and commercialization company.

Our debt portfolio management segment purchases defaulted, unsecured, consumer receivables in the secondary market and generates revenue through collections utilizing an outsourced collection network and through the strategic resale of portfolios. This segment acquires credit-card receivable portfolios at significant discounts to the total amounts owed by the debtors. Defaulted consumer receivable portfolios that include charged-off credit card receivables are accounts that have been written-off by the originators. We purchase defaulted consumer receivable portfolios from creditors and others through privately negotiated direct sales. Our results depend upon our ability to purchase and collect a sufficient volume of our consumer receivables to generate revenue that exceeds our costs.

Our intellectual property management and commercialization segment is operated through our wholly-owned subsidiary, IP Resources International, Inc. (“IPR”). IPR focuses primarily on licensing various commercially desirable technologies and patents from companies that need operating capital or that need help commercializing their technology and sublicense such technology in designated territories, which are primarily outside the United States. This segment acquires exclusive licenses for marketable technology normally without the payment of any upfront license fee to the licensor and thereafter, to sub-license the technology in the designated foreign markets, primarily Asia, Europe, and Brazil. Our results depend upon our ability to locate available, licensable, and readily marketable technology, to negotiate favorable licenses for such technology, and to sub-license the technology in the designated markets at a sufficient level of volume in an effort to generate maximum revenues..

Going Concern

Our independent registered auditors included an explanatory paragraph in their opinion on our condensed consolidated financial statements as of and for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 that states that our ongoing losses and lack of resources causes substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern.

Recent Development

None

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

We prepare our condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. (U.S. GAAP). In doing so, we have to make estimates and assumptions that affect our reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses, as well as related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. In some cases, we could reasonably have used different accounting policies and estimates. In some cases, changes in the accounting estimates are reasonably likely to occur from period to period. Accordingly, actual results could differ materially from our estimates. To the extent that there are material differences between these estimates and actual results, our financial condition or results of operations will be affected. We base our estimates on past experience and other assumptions that we believe are reasonable under the circumstances, and we evaluate these estimates on an ongoing basis. We refer to accounting estimates of this type as critical accounting policies and estimates, which we discuss further below.

Use of estimates

In the opinion of management, the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets and related interim statements of operations, cash flows, and shareholders' deficit include all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring items, necessary for their fair presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). Preparing financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses. The significant estimates were made for the fair value of common stock issued for services and depreciation and amortization of our long-lived assets. Actual results and outcomes may differ from management's estimates and assumptions.

Revenue recognition

The Company recognizes revenue on its debt portfolios using the cost recovery method in accordance with FASB ASC 310-30. Under the cost recovery method, the Company records cash receipts related to debt portfolios as a reduction of the cost of the debt portfolio. The Company will record revenue related to debt portfolios after cash collections exceed the portfolio's carrying amount. The Company recognizes revenue from its technology licensing and commercialization activities in accordance with paragraph 605-10-S99-1 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification for revenue recognition. The Company recognizes revenue when it is realized or realizable and earned. The Company considers revenue realized or realizable and earned when all of the following criteria are met: (i) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, (ii) the services have been rendered to the customer and accepted by the customer as completed pursuant to Company's Licensing Agreements, (iii) collectability is reasonably assured. The Company has yet to realize any revenues from its licensing agreements.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2012, the FASB issued ASU 2012-02, *Testing Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets for Impairment*, which amended the guidance in ASU 2011-08 to simplify the testing of indefinite-lived intangible assets other than goodwill for impairment. ASU 2012-02 becomes effective for annual and interim impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning on or after September 15, 2012 and earlier adoption is permitted. We adopted this standard in the second quarter of fiscal year 2012. We believe adoption did not have a material effect on our financial statements.

In January 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-01, "Balance Sheet (Topic 220)-Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities," which amends previous guidance on the disclosures about offsetting assets and liabilities on the balance sheet to clarify that the scope of this guidance applies to derivatives (including bifurcated embedded derivatives), repurchase agreements (and reverse repurchase agreements) and securities borrowing (and lending) transactions that are offset or subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement. The guidance becomes effective at the beginning of our fiscal 2014 and should be applied retrospectively for all comparative periods. The adoption of this update is not expected to have a significant impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Results of Operations

Revenues

We had no revenue for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013. Our net revenue was \$7,161 and \$16,296 for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2012. All of our revenue in 2012 related to the liquidation of our debt portfolio. We attribute the decrease in our net revenue from the liquidation of our debt portfolio in the fourth quarter of 2012. As of September 30, 2013, there has been no revenue from the Company's licensing and commercialization activities. During 2012 we sold our debt portfolio. The growth of our business is dependent on successfully raising additional capital to fund our growth.

Operating Expenses

Our operating expenses for the three months ended September 30, 2013 were \$427,819. The operating expenses was all related to intellectual property management. Which was composed primarily of consulting and professional fees for the development of our intellectual property management and licensing activities and legal and professional services related to our public company reporting. We have paid most of the obligations related to our operating expenses through the issuance of unregistered stock as reported elsewhere in this report.

Our operating expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 were \$1,934,752. Interest expenses for our debt were approximately \$185,273. Our overall operating expenses of approximately \$1,934,752 were for corporate overhead activities including legal and auditing services related to our public company reporting. We have paid most of the obligations related to our operating expenses through the issuance of unregistered stock as reported elsewhere in this report.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Since inception and through September 30, 2013, the Company has raised approximately \$605,000 in equity and debt transactions. These funds have been used to commence the operations of the Company to acquire and begin the development of its licenses portfolio and strategic business acquisitions. These activities include attending trade shows, marketing our licenses and corporate development. In March 2012, the Company sold 680,000 shares at a per share price of \$0.25 for an aggregate amount of \$170,000 to 16 investors. We have included the \$170,000 in the amount above. These funds have been used to continue the development of our license portfolio and corporate development.

Our accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business for the twelve month period following the date of these condensed consolidated financial statements. However, the Company has incurred substantial losses, has acquired additional debt with acquisition of \$75,000 which was due and payable as of September, 30, 2013, its current liabilities exceed its current assets and available cash is not sufficient to fund the expected future operation. The Company is raising additional capital through debt and equity securities in order to continue the funding of its operations. However, there is no assurance that the Company can raise enough funds or generate sufficient revenues to pay its obligations as they become due, which raises substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. To reduce the risk of not being able to continue as a going concern, management has implemented its business plan to materialize revenues from its license agreements and has initiated a private placement offering to raise capital through the sale of its common stock.

Although, uncertainty exists as to whether the Company will be able generate enough cash from operations to fund the Company's working capital needs or raise sufficient capital to meet the Company's obligations as they become due, no adjustments have been made to the carrying value of assets or liabilities as a result of this uncertainty.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Going Concern

Our independent registered auditors included an explanatory paragraph in their opinion on our condensed consolidated financial statements as of and for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2012 that states that our ongoing losses and lack of resources causes substantial doubt about our ability to continue as a going concern. As at September 30, 2013, we had \$1,208 in cash and cash equivalents. This is not sufficient to fund our planned operations and we are engaged in a private placement under Regulation D to raise up to \$500,000 and are exploring other potential capital raising transactions. To date we have raised \$10,000 in the offering under Regulation D and \$50,000 through a settlement with a noteholder.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2012, the FASB issued ASU 2012-02, *Testing Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets for Impairment*, which amended the guidance in ASU 2011-08 to simplify the testing of indefinite-lived intangible assets other than goodwill for impairment. ASU 2012-02 becomes effective for annual and interim impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning on or after September 15, 2012 and earlier adoption is permitted. We adopted this standard in the second quarter of fiscal year 2012. We believe adoption did not have a material effect on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

In January 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-01, "*Balance Sheet (Topic 220)-Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities*," which amends previous guidance on the disclosures about offsetting assets and liabilities on the balance sheet to clarify that the scope of this guidance applies to derivatives (including bifurcated embedded derivatives), repurchase agreements (and reverse repurchase agreements) and securities borrowing (and lending) transactions that are offset or subject to an enforceable master netting arrangement or similar agreement. The guidance becomes effective at the beginning of our fiscal 2014 and should be applied retrospectively for all comparative periods. The adoption of this update is not expected to have a significant impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.

We are a Smaller Reporting Company and are not required to provide the information under this item.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures.

Disclosure of controls and procedures.

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports, filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our chief executive officer and chief financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. In reaching a reasonable level of assurance, management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures. In addition, the design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Over time, a control may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or the degree of compliance with policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

As required by the SEC Rule 13a-15(b), we carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on the foregoing, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective at the reasonable assurance level due to the material weaknesses described below.

In light of the material weaknesses described below, we performed additional analysis and other post-closing procedures to ensure our financial statements were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, we believe that the financial statements included in this report fairly present, in all material respects, our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented.

A material weakness is a control deficiency (within the meaning of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (PCAOB) Auditing Standard No. 2) or combination of control deficiencies that result in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the annual or interim financial statements will not be prevented or detected. Management has identified the following two material weaknesses which have caused management to conclude that as of September 30, 2013 our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective at the reasonable assurance level:

1. We do not have written documentation of our internal control policies and procedures. Written documentation of key internal controls over financial reporting is a requirement of Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act which is applicable to us for the quarter ended September 30, 2013. Management evaluated the impact of our failure to have written documentation of our internal controls and procedures on our assessment of our disclosure controls and procedures and has concluded that the control deficiency that resulted represented a material weakness.
2. We do not have sufficient segregation of duties within accounting functions, which is a basic internal control. Due to our size and nature, segregation of all conflicting duties may not always be possible and may not be economically feasible. However, to the extent possible, the initiation of transactions, the custody of assets and the recording of transactions should be performed by separate individuals. Management evaluated the impact of our failure to have segregation of duties on our assessment of our disclosure controls and procedures and has concluded that the control deficiency that resulted represented a material weakness.

To address these material weaknesses, management performed additional analyses and other procedures to ensure that the condensed consolidated financial statements included herein fairly present, in all material respects, our financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the periods presented.

Changes in internal controls over financial reporting.

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the fiscal quarter covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings.

We are not currently involved in any litigation that we believe could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition or results of operations. There is no action, suit, proceeding, inquiry or investigation before or by any court, public board, government agency, self-regulatory organization or body pending or, to the knowledge of the executive officers of our company or any of our subsidiaries, threatened against or affecting our company, our common stock, any of our subsidiaries or of our companies or our subsidiaries' officers or directors in their capacities as such, in which an adverse decision could have a material adverse effect.

Item 1A. Risk Factors.

We are a Smaller Reporting Company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act) and are not required to provide the information under this item.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds.

On July 1, 2013, the Company issued Rowland Hansen 308,550 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.001 per share for consulting services.

On July 1, 2013, the Company issued Romero Contreras 308,550 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.001 per share for consulting services.

On August 5, 2013, the Company issued Michael Jones 250,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.001 per share for consulting services.

On September 1, 2013, the Company issued Michael Mann 308,550 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.001 per share for consulting services.

On September 1, 2013, the Company issued Alan Collier 308,550 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.001 per share for consulting services.

On September 1, 2013, the Company issued R. Cameron Walker 250,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.001 per share for consulting services.

On September 1, 2013, the Company issued Alex Lightman 250,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.001 per share for consulting services.

On September 1, 2013, the Company issued Eric Noveshen 250,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.001 per share for consulting services.

On September 1, 2013, the Company issued Donnie Rudd 250,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.001 per share for consulting services.

On September 1, 2013, the Company issued Peter Hall 308,550 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.001 per share for consulting services.

On September 15, 2013, the Company issued Donald Calabria 308,550 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.001 per share for consulting services.

On September 15, 2013, the Company issued Bruce Garfield 308,550 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.001 per share for consulting services.

On September 15, 2013, the Company issued Dr. Leonard Makowka 308,550 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.001 per share for consulting services.

On September 19, 2013, the Company issued Davis Family Investments Corp 1,000,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$0.0001 per share for consulting services.

The above issuances of securities during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 were exempt from registration pursuant to Section 4(2), and/or Regulation D promulgated under the Securities Act. These securities qualified for exemption under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act since the issuance securities by us did not involve a public offering. The offering was not a "public offering" as defined in Section 4(2) due to the insubstantial number of persons involved in the deal, size of the offering, manner of the offering and number of securities offered. We did not undertake an offering in which we sold a high number of securities to a high number of investors. In addition, these stockholders had the necessary investment intent as required by Section 4(2) since they agreed to and received share certificates bearing a legend stating that such securities are restricted pursuant to Rule 144 of the Securities Act. This restriction ensures that these securities would not be immediately redistributed into the market and therefore not be part of a "public offering." Based on an analysis of the above factors, we have met the requirements to qualify for exemption under Section 4(2) of the Securities Act for this transaction.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities.

None

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures.

Not applicable

Item 5. Other Information

None

Item 6. Exhibits

| Exhibit Number | Exhibit Title |
|---------------------------|--|
| 31.1 | Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 32.1 | Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| 101.INS * | XBRL Instance Document |
| 101.SCH * | XBRL Taxonomy Schema |
| 101.CAL * | XBRL Taxonomy Calculation Linkbase |
| 101.DEF * | XBRL Taxonomy Definition Linkbase |
| 101.LAB * | XBRL Taxonomy Label Linkbase |
| 101.PRE * | XBRL Taxonomy Presentation Linkbase |

In accordance with SEC Release 33-8238, Exhibit 32.1 and 32.2 are being furnished and not filed.

* Furnished herewith. XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) information is furnished and not filed or a part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, is deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Hanover Portfolio Acquisitions, Inc.

By: /s/ Alan Collier
Alan Collier
Chief Executive Officer
(Duly Authorized Officer, Principal
Executive Officer and Principal
Financial Officer)

Dated: December 18, 2013

Certification of Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial Officer
Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350
(Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002)

I, Alan Collier, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Hanover Portfolio Acquisitions, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls.

Dated: December 18, 2013

/s/ Alan Collier

Chief Executive Officer, Interim Chief Financial
Officer, Secretary and Director
(Principal Executive, Financial and Accounting
Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

The undersigned hereby certifies, in his capacity as the Chief Executive Officer and Interim Chief Financial Officer of Hanover Portfolio Acquisitions, Inc. (the "Company"), for the purposes of 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of his knowledge:

- (1) The Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2013 (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: December 18, 2013

/s/ Alan Collier

Chief Executive Officer , Interim Chief Financial
Officer, Secretary and Director
(Principal Executive, Financial and Accounting
Officer)

This certification accompanies each Report pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of §18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.